



# Validating safety and security requirements for partitioned architectures

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# Outline

- **Context**
- **Modeling ARINC653 and MILS systems**
- **Validating safety and security requirements**
- **Conclusion**



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## Context and problem

- **Safety-critical systems (avionics, aerospace, ...)**
  - Increasing complexity of development
  - Validation/certification needs
  
- **Dedicated architectures**
  - ARINC653: isolation for safety purposes
  - MILS: isolation for security purposes
  
- **Detect issues and errors in such architectures**
  - Security and safety policies enforcement
  - Isolation impacts and trade-offs



# Proposed approach

## ■ Partitioned architectures modeling

- Appropriate modeling language
- Dedicated modeling patterns

## ■ Analysis and validation

- Partitioned architecture compliance
- Requirements validation (is my security policy enforced ?)
- Trade-off analysis (can safety impacts security ?)



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# Modeling language

## ■ Modeling requirements

- Represent partitioned kernel and partitions runtime
- Specify runtime requirements (scheduling, safety, ...)

## ■ AADLv2 as a valid candidate

- Efficient component approach
- Appropriate semantics for partitioned systems modeling
- Extensible, requirements specification

# Partitioned architectures modeling

## ■ Partitioned/isolation kernel modeling

- AADL processor
- Specify isolation requirements (scheduling, memory, etc.)

## ■ Partition runtime and adress space

- AADL virtual processor and process components
- Model partition communication using AADL ports

## ■ Hardware association

- Memory and partition association (space isolation)
- Partitions and processor association



# Security and safety requirements modeling

## ■ Define security/safety layers

- Define security/criticality levels in virtual bus
- Use AADL properties (`Criticality_Level` and `Security_Level`)
- Associates virtual buses to partitions and real buses

## ■ Specify fault and their containment

- Describe error and associated recovery
- Add relevant information for each level (kernel, partition, thread)



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# Validate architecture consistency

## ■ Partitioned architecture enforcement

- Binding to memory components
- Correctness of scheduling requirements

## ■ Memory requirements validation

- Space isolation (one memory segment per partition)
- Memory allocation (has the partition enough memory ?)

## ■ Scheduling requirements validation

- Check time slice correctness (has the partition enough time for its threads?)
- Ensure partition execution



## Validate security policy

- **Consider runtime specificities**
  - Security levels shared inside the partition
  - Inspect security levels and runtime components (bus, etc.)
- **Different security policies, same goal**
  - Biba, Bell-Lapadula: security level domination
  - MILS : security level independence
- **Validation patterns are similar**
  - Connections analysis
  - Hardware analysis (can this hardware support such security level?)



## Validate safety policy

- **Check error handling and error recovering**
  - Each level (kernel, partition, thread) handles faults
  - Check recovering correctness (ex: a thread cannot restart the kernel)
  
- **Check error path and fault coverage**
  - Recover all faults, anytime
  - Inspect execution paths and their associated errors



# Trade-offs analysis

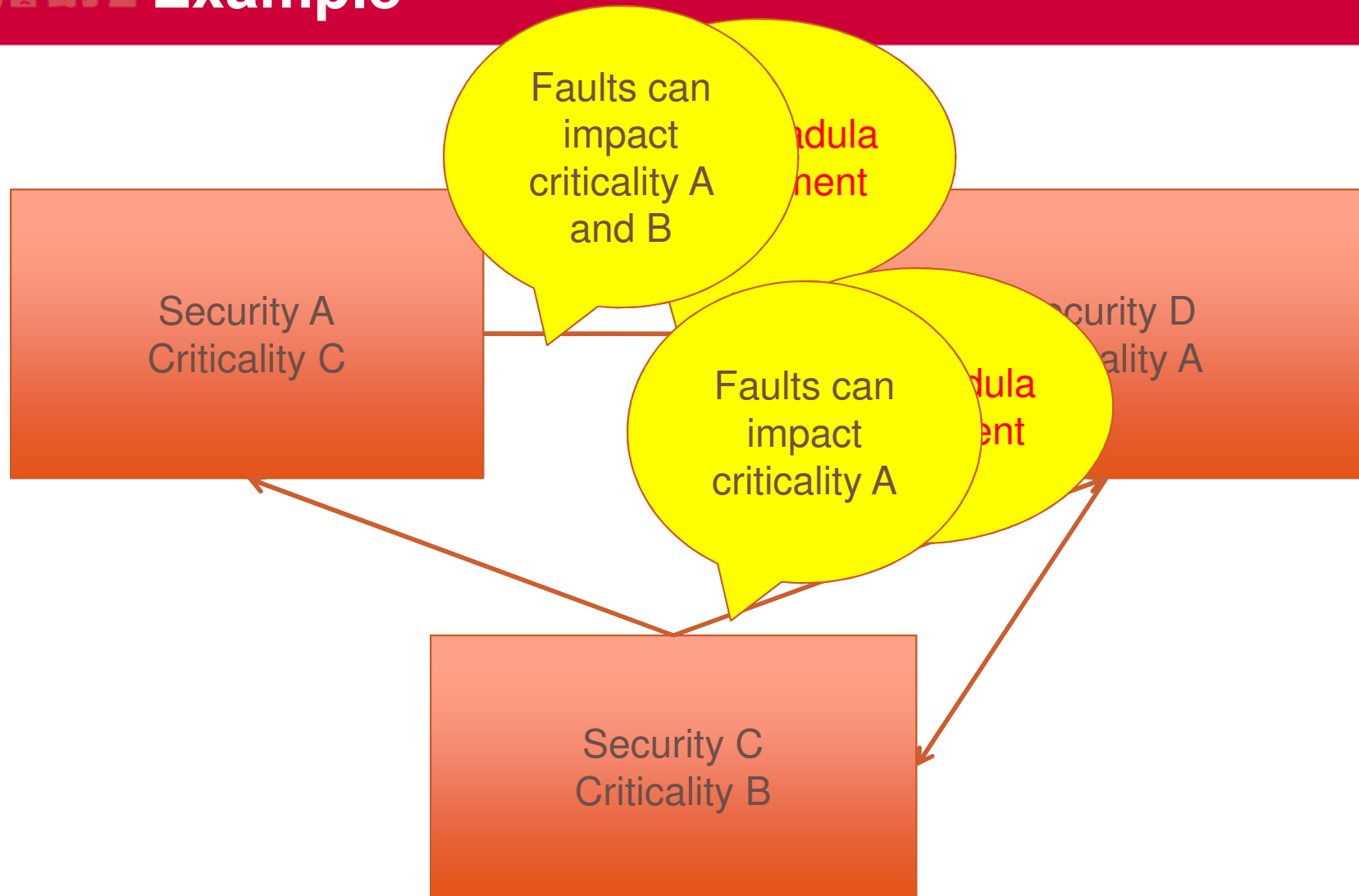
## ■ Impact of faults and recovering procedures

- Impact on communications (omission of data, etc)
- Impact on runtime system (restart a partition impact several threads)
- Faults propagation to partitions with higher security/criticality levels
- Rely on connections flow

## ■ High-level view, cannot make finer analysis

- Need to model application concerns
- Use the behavior annex

# Example





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## Conclusion

- **AADLv2, valid candidate for partitioned systems modeling**
  - Appropriate semantics
  - Security/safety analysis at a high-level
  - Consider runtime requirements and specificities
- **Future work**
  - Automatic implementation from validated models
  - Improve analysis techniques



# Thank you for your attention

**Note : This work is reflected in the ARINC653 annex of the AADL**